

Impact Factor – 6.261

ISSN - 2348-7143

INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH FELLOWS ASSOCIATION'S  
**RESEARCH JOURNEY**

Multidisciplinary International E-research Journal

PEER REFREED & INDEXED JOURNAL

December-2018 Special Issue - LXXVIII

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**Status of ordinary Women in India:  
A Study with Reflection to Legislative Measures**

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**Introduction**

"Half of the India population too are women. Woman has forever been differentiated against and have suffered and are suffering intolerance in silence. Selflessness and selfdenial are their decency and fortitude and yet they have been subjected to all inequities, indignities, inequality and discrimination"<sup>1</sup>.

It is frequently said that the status and position of women in society is the best way to understand civilization. It is also said that women's rights are human rights. In the words of Justice L' Heureux Dube of the Supreme Court of Canada: "Human rights are yardsticks against which all people must measure their conduct and that of their sovereign governments also public officials, and against which the world people as a whole must calculate its progress"

However, when it examines power structure of the society more closely from a gender perspective even in a country like India where we have gender neutral legislation as also gender-neutral legal system, widespread male dominance meets the even though a period of more than fifty years has elapsed since the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights by the UN General Assembly.

In fashionable society, criminal exploitation of women is intense, rampant and global nature. Expansion of modern women's role as working class and alarming rise in the magnitude of crimes against them have further added to violence against women. The status of women in complex society like India is not uniform. In recent years, the traditional roles of women have undergone some changes due to economic needs and some efforts were made to bring visibility and mainstream women's contribution to overall growth and development of society.

This research investigates, whether the women in India are having same status and rights as we are claiming in the light of Equality, Education, Health, Labour, Employment, Marriage and Family life, Race and Gender related, Religion and Culture etc.

This research explores the prospectus and constraints linked to each – If not, who is responsible or really victim of such position – Is women herself or men dominating society or current legislature or political policies?

The analysis shows that though the conditions in the country are fastly changing, yet the women are still treated, in some respects, in the same old way, yet the perception that women are second to men has not been erased. Mushroom growth of crimes against women have been seen, and also women's own perception is responsible for changing but not respectful status of women in India. A still lot of new policies and awareness is needed.

Women have a unique position in every society whether developed, developing or underdeveloped. This is particularly due to the various roles they play during various stages of

<sup>1</sup> Justice K. Rama Swamy in *Madhu Kishwar Vs. State of Bihar* [(1996) 5 SCC 148]