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## **Recent Trends In Public Administration : Theories, Practice & Future**

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## It Act For Good Governance

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### Abstract:

Information Technology Act was enacted in the year 2000 and it was further amended in the year 2006 and 2008. In India there is rapid growth in commercial and other transactions by using internet. Good governance is one of the objectives of the Act is to regulate and control the computer and internet related activities and transactions. To the other hand there are emergence of cyber crime. Cyber crime is done by using computer and internet. Day by day there is rise in cyber crime. Government is also taking measure to control and prevent cyber crime. Still there is a lot to do about cyber crime control.

### Key words:

Good governance, cyber crime, Information Technology Act.

### Introduction:

Good governance is key concept in today's world. The Constitution of India has provided fundamental rights to people. These are such rights which are essential for proper development of human being. In fact fundamental rights provided by the constitution of India covers human rights which are inherent right for every person. Fundamental rights can be enforceable through court of law. Good governance is useful for the economic development of the nation. Good governance is important for the present time as it is essential for smooth conduct, enforcement, and efficiency of public sector. Government is always making policies and schemes for good governance. Government function through public sectors. Public sector must take care of people and act sympathetically. Good governance is one of standard idea of the administrative functions. It aim at proper development of the people. Use of information technology is helped a lot. In use of information technology there is use of internet, computer, smart phone. Information technology is faster, easy and useful. It reduces paper work and easy to store records.

In the recent 15 -20 years there is vast development in the digital technology and it occupied every thing of our day to day work. Home, office, education, social work, friends, business every where we are now using digital or computer technology. In the present word use of internet has become like a thing of daily need. Now we cannot spend a day without use of internet. Day by day use of internet is increasing in the whole world. In India also there is good increase in internet users. In India there are approximately 500 million internet user. Use of internet made so many functions easy at the tip of fingers. Users of internet are increasing by 10 to 13% every year. For business, fund transfer, money payment, banking, on line trading, tax filing, transportation (bus, railway and air) and for so many purposes we are using internet and smart phone apps or applications. Now a days most of contracts, bank transactions, government tenders, recruitments are done through electronic mode or digital mode by using internet. It is therefore appropriate to study the concept of cyber crime, and the provisions under the Information Technology Act useful for effective good governance.

### Methodology:

This study is mainly based upon the existing provisions of the law, reports of different authority and organisations. So it will be proper to adopt doctrinal method of research based upon secondary data.

### Cyber Crime:

The development in computer and mobile technology gave rise to new type of crime and also changed the modus operadi of crime. It is also known as crime of new era. There is great change in the tools used for commission of crime. This is cyber crime which is having a different modus operendi. Modus operendi is a Latin term which means a particular mode of behaviour and in crime it is a mode in which a particular person commit crime. In cyber crime, where no actual contact or use of actual weapon is needed. Cyber crime is committed by using internet and computer. These two are the tools used in cyber crime. A conventional type of crime is committed by actual presence at the crime site. But a cyber crime can be committed from a distance. Such distance may any. A person may commit cyber crime by using internet and computer by sitting in any place in the world. Even many persons can be target or affected at once. So it may a local crime or an international crime. A cyber crime is skill based. Offender is generally educated or trained.

**Threat of cyber crime:** Every day cyber crime is increasing world at large. In India, at every ten minutes a cyber crime is committed. Many person lost their money due to cyber crime. In India there are instances of